4/10/2010

High School Programming Competition Computer Science Department, Saint Anselm College

Problem 1

First prime number. Write a program where the user enters a positive
integer and the computer prints the first prime number greater
than or equal to the user's input. (A prime is a natural number
that has exactly 2 distinct natural number divisors: 1 and
itself)
Input:
 Enter a positive integer? 95
Output:
 97

Problem 2

Rotate integers. Write a program that takes *n* integers and prints them in all possible rotation orders. Input: How many integers? 4 Input 4 integers? 5 2 0 4 Output: 5 2 0 4 2 0 4 5 0 4 5 2 4 5 2 0 Problem 3

Random students. Write a program where you enter n different student names and then ask the program to generate k random names out of the names you entered. Each time you run the program, the output should come up with a random sequence.

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Input: Ask for n/// n=6
Enter name? Mary
Enter name? Ann
Enter name? Dan
Enter name? Jo
Enter name? Al
Enter name? Ray
Enter size of random group? 3
Output:
Mary Ann Ray (names do not repeat in a group)
```

Run again: Ann Dan Al Etc.

Problem 4

Poker. Check if *straight*. Enter 5 integers between 1 and 13. The program should check if the numbers could be organized in consecutive order.

```
Examples:
               Enter 5 cards? 4 6 5 3 7
     Input:
     Output:
               Yes. Straight.
Run again:
     Input:
               Enter 5 cards? 4 6 12 3 7
     Output:
               No.
Run again:
              Enter 5 cards? 89 6 12 3 7
     Input:
     Output:
               Error input.
Run again:
     Input:
              Enter 5 cards? 11 10 12 13 9
     Output:
               Yes. Straight.
```

Problem 5

Perfect cubes. Write a program to find all the triplets (a, b, c) where a ,b and c are integers greater than 1 and less than or equal to 100, with the property that the sum of their cubes is a perfect cube.

$$a^3 + b^3 + c^3 = d^3$$

the program should display all triplets in ascending order without repetitions, that is the triplet $(3\ 4\ 5)$ should occur only once (not $(5\ 4\ 3)$ or $(4\ 3\ 5)$ etc).

С

```
a b
```

d

Output:

6	(3 4	15)	
12	(68	3 10))
18	(2]	12 1	16)
99	(11	66	88)
100	(16	68	88)
100	(35	70	85)